Canada's Policy on Limiting Regulatory Burden on Business: The Small Business Lens

Presentation to the Informal Working Group on MSMEs

22 February 2019

Legal and Policy Framework



Legal Framework: Statutory Instruments Act

- Examination (legal review) by the Department of Justice
- Registration upon approval
- Publication in the Canada Gazette, Part II



Policy Framework: Cabinet Directive on Regulation (CDR)

- Requirements for regulatory proposals
- **Lifecycle:** development, implementation and review
- Embed Good Regulatory
 Practices, e.g., cost-benefit
 analysis, regulatory cooperation
- Reduce burden on business
- Improve service, predictability and transparency

Regulatory Process



CDR

Establishes requirements for developing regulatory proposals, including instrument choice, implementation, performance management



Regulatory proposals

START

Departments and agencies develop regulatory proposals



Central challenge function

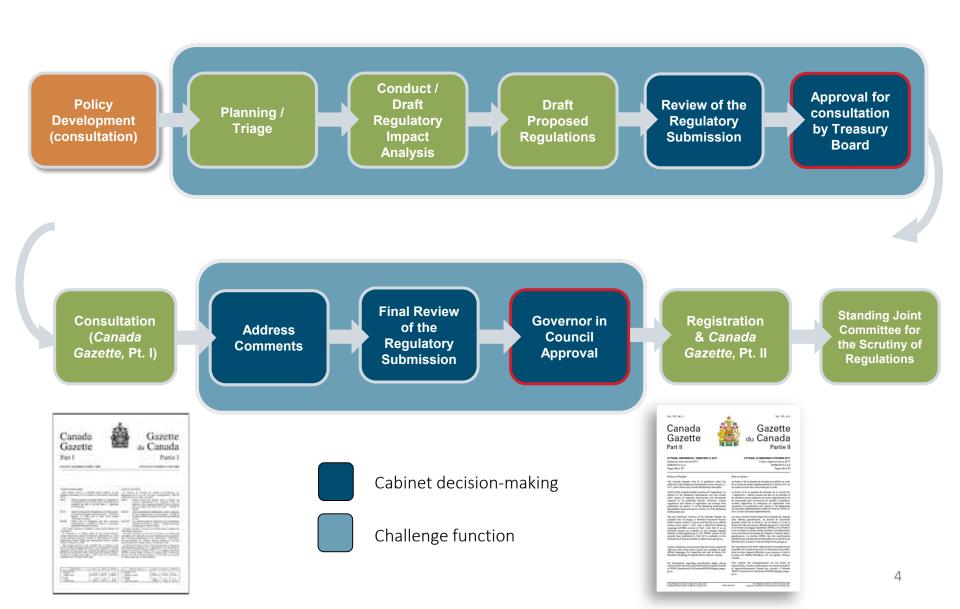
The Treasury Board of Canada Secretariat challenges regulatory proposals against the requirements in the CDR



Cabinet review and approval

The Treasury Board considers and approves proposals

Regulation Approval Process



Regulatory Impact Analysis

- Departments and agencies are required to develop a Regulatory Impact Analysis Statement (RIAS)
- The RIAS is an essential analytical tool that contributes to transparency within the regulatory system
- The RIAS describes the regulations and its impacts:

What the government is going to deliver



- Issue
- Objectives
- Options considered

Impacts of the regulations



- Cost-Benefit Analysis
- One-for-One Rule
- Small business lens
- Social and environmental lens

How Canadians have been consulted



- Consultation process
- Views of consulted parties

Regulatory cooperation



- Domestic
- United States
- International

Implementation, compliance and enforcement



- Implementation plan
- Compliance and enforcement strategies 5

Small business lens: Introduces a more systematic analysis of impacts on small business

- Lens now applies to <u>all</u> regulatory proposals
- Proposal must identify and cost anticipated small business impacts
 - Regulator can provide additional flexibility, and explain if it is not appropriate
 - Optional, streamlined checklist covers lens requirements only and is no longer published in the RIAS
 - New costing approach aligns the lens with cost-benefit analysis, and eliminates need for separate calculation