



Gender-related Provisions in Preferential Trade Agreements

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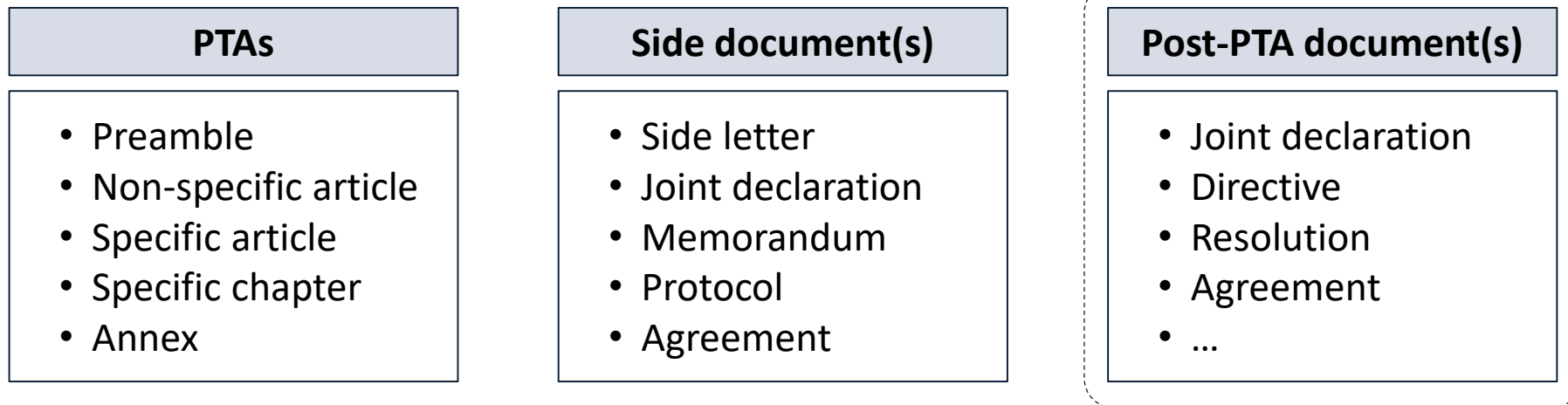
Main Findings

- Methodology: explicit vs. implicit gender-related provisions
- Explicit gender-related provisions in PTAs are not a recent phenomenon...
- ... but their scope have only expanded significantly in the last three years
- Gender-related provisions do not follow a specific and unique template
- Cooperation is the most common type of gender-related provisions



Methodology

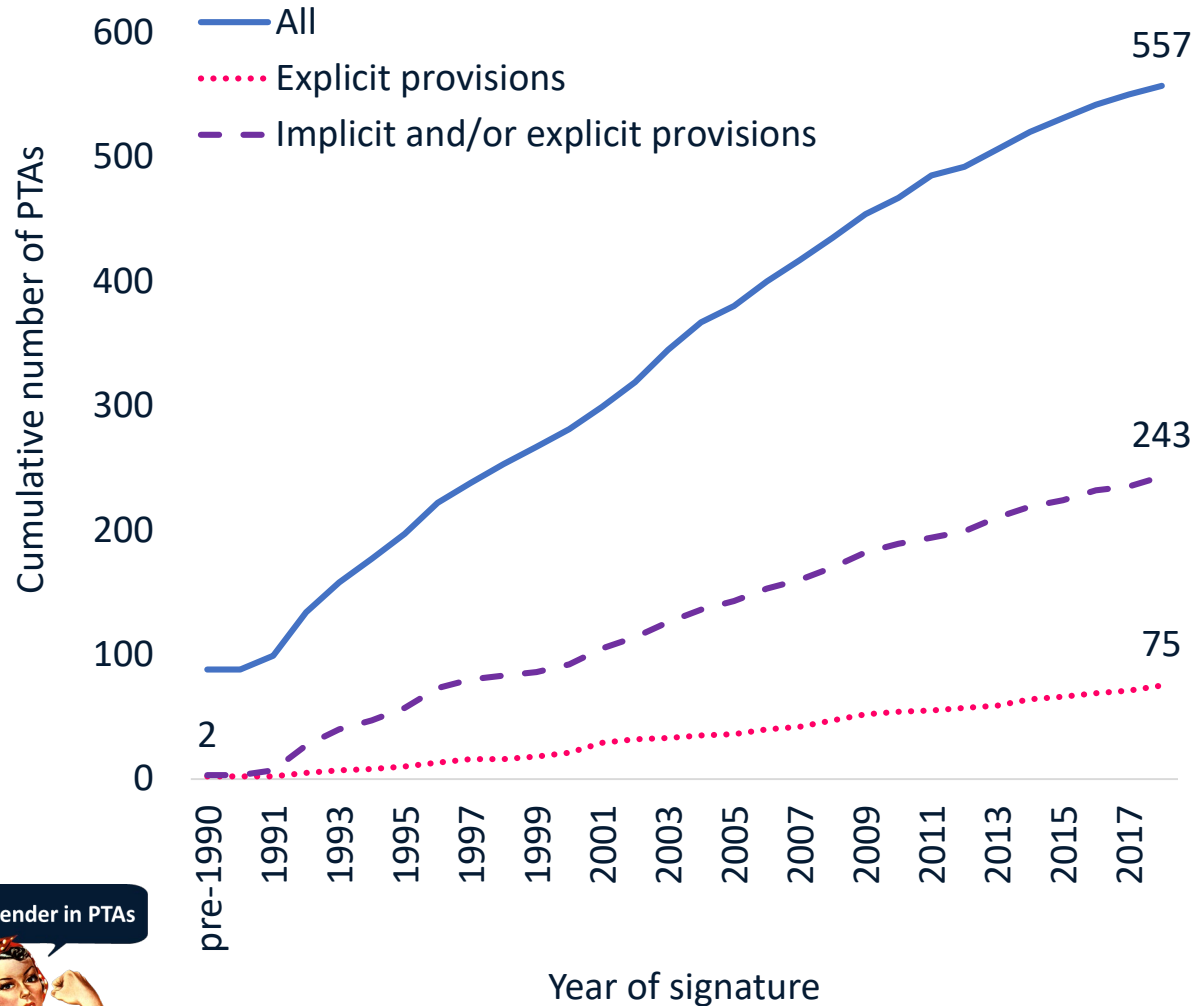
- Gender-related provisions:
 - **Explicit** reference to gender
 - **Implicit** reference to gender by referring to human rights, minorities, sustainable development or labour discrimination but without any direct reference to gender
- Keywords-based textual analysis of 557 PTAs (incl. 292 PTAs notified to the WTO)



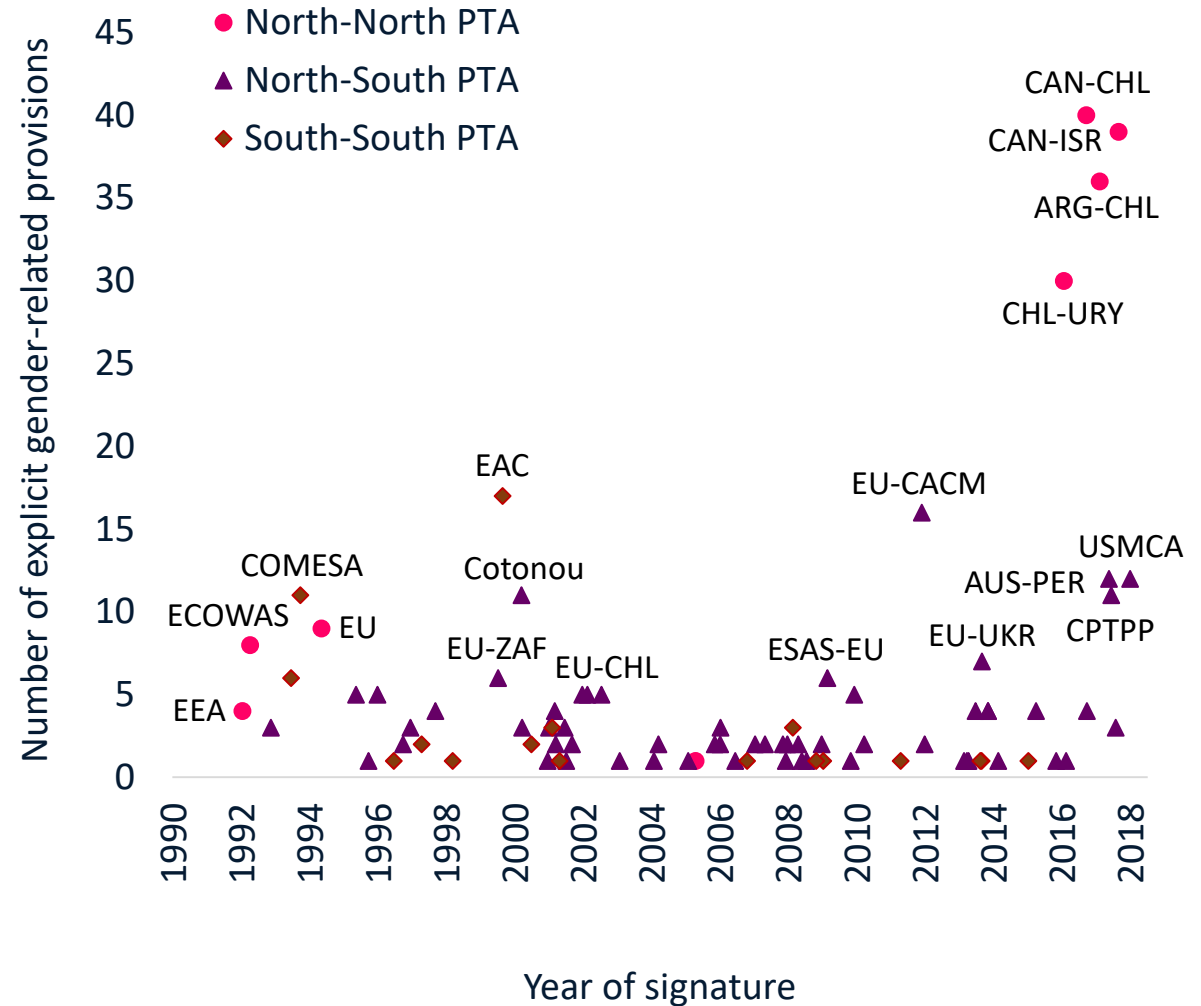
Gender in PTAs



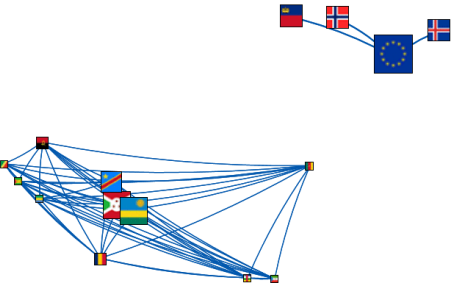
Inclusion of gender-related provisions is not a recent phenomenon ...



... but scope of gender-related provisions has expanded only recently



Gender-related provisions do not follow a specific and unique template...



Note: Each node is a country

... but most PTAs share one common type of gender-related provisions

North-North

North-South

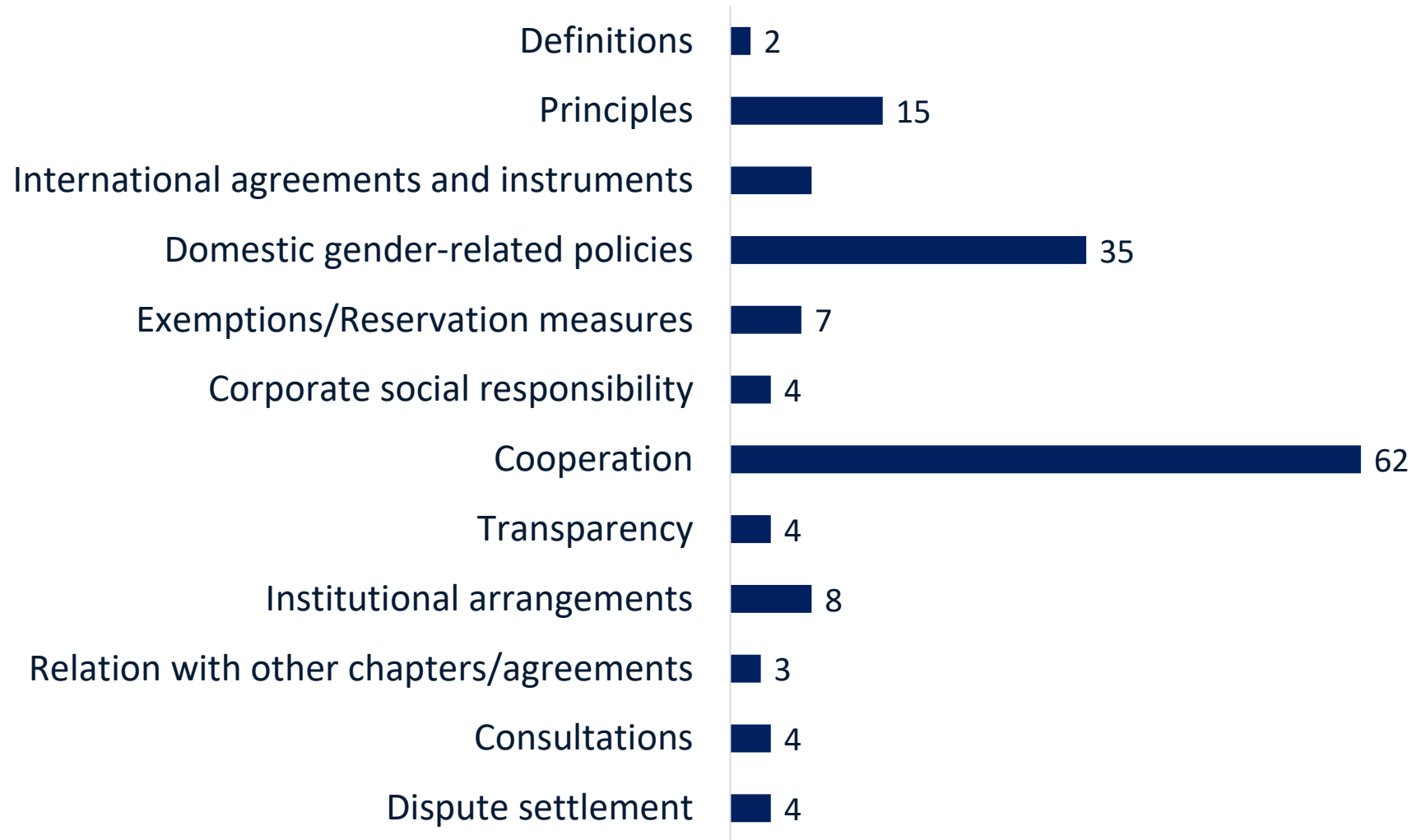
South-South

Note: Each node is a PTA

Gender in PTAs



Cooperation provisions are the most common gender-related provisions



Note: Number of PTAs

Gender in PTAs



Thank you for your attention!

Conference on Trade and Gender